

## 6.Helium balloon

**Topic:** Gas generating reactions

**Objective:** The student will learn through the experiment that reactions with some metals such as aluminum can generate gases by reacting with some substances and blow up a balloon giving the same effect as helium, since it is of lower density and tends to rise.

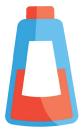
Vocabulary: Helium, pipe cleaner, aluminum foil, nozzle

## **Material:**

- A glass bottle
- Aluminum foil
- Balloon
- •Pipe cleaner

## **Development:**

1. Place a quarter of the pipe cleaner 3. Quickly place the balloon in the boinside the bottle. 3. Quickly place the balloon blows

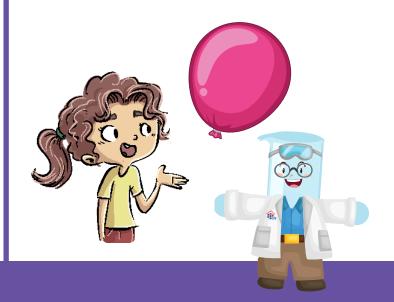


2. Make small balls of aluminum foil and put them inside the bottle.



4. Tie the balloon and release it.





## Look and read. Choose the correct words and write them on the lines.

| Example:  |   |         | Gas (example)     |
|---|---|---------|-------------------|
| 0. It's an element that you cannot see, you cannot touch, but you can find it inside a balloon. |   | cleaner |                   |
|   |   |         | raise             |
| Qı  | uestions  |         | tie up            |
| 1   | It's called a when two chemic elements interact between them. |         | bottle            |
| 2   | It's the action of putting air inside a balloon.              |         | density<br>       |
| 3   | It's the gas that balloons have inside to make them float.    |         | helium<br>blow up |
| 4   | This specifies if a material is heavier than others.          |         | reaction          |
| 5   | Container in which you can carry water, soda or any liquid.   |         | water             |
| 6   | Action in which you make a knot.                              |         | pipe              |
| 7   | This is the opposite of put down.                             |         | up                |
| 8   | Liquid used to wipe dirt of surfaces.                         |         | pressure          |