Jobs for everyon	e					
Topic Jobs	Function Describ activity	oing jobs -	Grammar I am a painter. I paint landscap sell the painting park.			
Start		During		Close		
Warm up		Open the bo	ok to / at page 39	Just for fun		
Change places if (otherwise known as Fruit Salad).		Ask students to look at the pictures and name the jobs.		Explain to students that they are going to make some description cards about jobs.		
Chairs should be arranged in a		Ask students to explain:		Write on the board the following		
 horseshoe. Ask students to brainstorm words for jobs. Explain to students that they must stand and change place if the following statement is true for them: Change places if your father is a 		 * where each person works. * what they are wearing. * what tools they are using. * what specific activities they are doing. Ask students to write the words below the pictures. 		prompts: I am a I work for The tools I need are I usually work in / at I have to wear I am responsible for		
police officer. Attempt to take one of chairs. The last stude must now say "Chang " and attempt to ge Repeat as many time need – try to cover al	ent standing ge places if t a seat. es as you			Ask students to write these as notes in their notebooks – you decide on the number of jobs to write about.		

need – try to cover all the words on page 39.

What work would you like to do?

Topic Jobs

Functions Talking about the jobs I'd like to do / have Giving reasons why I'd like to do / have a certain job

Grammar

I would like to be a /

Vocabulary Jobs Verbs

an... It is...

Close

Just for fun

Warm up

During Open the book to / at page 40

Divide the class into two teams and ask them to line up to the board.

Start

The first student in each line has a marker (a different colour for each team).

Write the letters A-Z on the board - in two or three columns and the category "JOBS."

Ask students to race to write up a word for each letter: A- architect

- B builder
- C clown
- Etc.

After writing a word, pass the marker to the next kid in the line.

They don't have to do the letters in order.

Stop the race after 3 minutes.

Count the words to find out which team got the longest list. Ask students to discuss and decide:

Which are the three most popular jobs for men and women?

Ask students to talk to a friend why people like these jobs.

Draw students' attention to the speech bubble and ask them to explain what they boy is trying to say.

Still working on the speech bubble – ask students to underline the "situation" and the reason(s).

Ex. I wouldn't like to be a police man. They wear uniforms. I don't like uniforms.

Ask students to use the description cards to think and decide on what jobs they would like to do / have.

Walk students through writing complete sentences based on the pictures on the left.

Ex.

I'd like to be a soccer player / footballer because they play in different cities. I love travelling.

Where do you work?

Topic Work place Functions Explaining where people work **Grammar** I am a doctor. I work in a hospital.

Vocabulary Places Verbs

Start

Warm up

Running dictation - pairs

Write descriptions of jobs on sheets of paper and stick them somewhere far from the students - but within your sight.

Student A sits, with a paper and a pen.

Student B goes to the description card, reads the first bit, runs back to their partner and tells it for him / her to write it down.

Student B goes back to the description card for the next bit and so on.

During			
Open the book	c to / at page 41		

Ask students to name the places. Then ask them to read and match the places with the words.

Ask students to write words for jobs:

Ex.

- waiter restaurant manager
- teacher classroom instructor
- chef kitchen cook

Close

Just for fun

Ask students to think of the job of their dreams.

Explain to them that they have to write about it – why is it so wonderful?

Ask students with the same job to work together and ask them to explain to their friends:

- This is the job of my dreams because...
- This job is wonderful because...

Who is it? Topic Jobs

Functions Describing jobs

Grammar He works in a restaurant. He asks you what food you would like to eat.

Vocabulary Jobs Verbs

Start Warm up

During Close Open the book to / at page 42 Just for fun

Shouting Dictation

Student A and student B have different texts to dictate to each other. But they stand / sit at opposites sides of the room, so they must speak loudly.

Students may get louder as they realise that they must speak over the other students. It is good for pronunciation as they must enunciate clearly.

Tip.

You can use the descriptions on page 42.

- Explain to students that they must identify two pieces of information in each box: 1. The place
- 2. The specific activities

Ex.

- Place in a restaurant
- Activities takes orders – brings food
- He is a waiter.

Do the same with the next description -2.

- Place in a hospital
- Activities helps people
- She is a doctor.

Let students complete the activity on their own.

Ask students to write numbers to match the descriptions with the pictures.

Role play

Divide the class into groups of four.

Explain to students that they must prepare a 2-minute scene to further explain / demonstrate what people do at work "exactly":

- choose a job
- gather ideas
- make a plan
- revise the plan
- make changes
- present

Find someone who!

Topic Jobs

Warm up

Classmate Bingo

Functions Talking about jobs **Grammar** I'd like to be a / an... because...

Vocabulary Jobs

Start

During Open the book to / at page 43

Ask students to find and circle the jobs.

If those jobs were not mentioned in the previous activity, ask students to think of words for those jobs.

Ask the whole class to tell what jobs they'd like to have.

Once you spot a kid with the job, ask him / her to stand at the front so the class can ask some questions to get information to complete the cards.

Do the same for all the cards.

Close Just for fun

Ask students to write a short paragraph about their dream job – similar to the ones they just completed.

Pair work – ask students to write descriptive cards about jobs.

Ex.

* Engineers are intelligent, patient, etc.

* Engineers may not like ...

3 – 4 different jobs

board / card. Ask students to fill in the spaces

This is to review adjectives-start

by giving students a blank bingo

with adjectives that might describe all the people in the classroom and other teachers.

Then, instead of pulling adjectives randomly, show random pictures of your students or other teachers.

Write on the board the word "Doctor." Then ask students to think of words that can be used to describe a person who has that job.

Do the same with five or six more jobs.

My homework Topic

Jobs

Functions Describing people's activity at work

Grammar They work in... They write stories for...

Vocabulary Jobs Verbs

Nouns

Start During Close Open the book to / at page 44 Just for fun Ask students to look at the Do a survey pictures and think of nouns they may be showing / illustrating. Divide the class into small groups. Ask students to verify if they can be written on the lines - make Explain to students that they sure the stories continue have to find the most and the naturally. least popular jobs among boys and girls. Ask students to use the words in the boxes to complete the Ask students to interview as many students as they can paragraphs. around school: • What is your dream job? Why do you like that job? • What job would you never do? Why not? Ask students to use their notes to come to a conclusion – they must present their results to the class. Tips:

They can use graphs or pictographs - speaking is promoted this way.

Warm up

Word elimination

Divide the class into two teams.

One at the time, students come to the front.

Remind them that they should not try to see what the other kids are writing.

To play one round, show the two students (and the class) a picture of a job.

For the next sixty seconds, each person must write as many verbs related to the job and adjectives to describe the picture as he / she can think of.

At the end of the minute, have students compare their lists.

Any word both students listed gets crossed off.

Each student gets one point for every remaining word and minus one point for every word which is not a verb or an adjective for his / her team.

Continue until everyone has had a turn up at the front.

Jobs and places Topic Jobs	Functions Talking about the places where peo work	Grammar I'd like to be a l Bakers work in bakery. Bakers make / cookies and ca	a Places bake		
Start Warm up	Open the	During book to / at page 45	Close Just for fun		
wann up	Open the	book to / at page 45	Just for full		
Lip reading	•	o students that there sts to be completed - places.	Ask students to write three paragraphs in their notebooks: • one about himself /		
Divide the class into three	e		herself		
teams.		ents to find the first job e place for that job.	 one about a friend – boy one about a friend – girl Ex. I'd like to be a <u>baker</u>. <u>Bakers</u> work in a <u>bakery</u>. <u>Bakers</u> always <u>make /</u> bake cockies and cakers 		
Ask one student from ea to come to the front and command them to rema	ach team Ex. Doctor –				
absolutely silent at all tir during the game.	first lines	to write the pair on the – point out that they allowed to say words			
Reveal a sentence on p them. They must try to s	•	ven't been paired.	 bake cookies and cakes. I love cookies and cakes. 		
say it to their teams – th	e team		Tip:		
that guesses or repeats			You can write the script / prompt		
sentence correctly gets	a point.		on the board and point out what words / information must be		
Ex.			changed.		
 I would like to be baker. 					
 Bakers always n bake cookies an 					

bake cookies and cakes.

• I love cookies and cakes.

l am a king Topic Movies

Functions

Telling stories

Grammar The king was... The story was...

During Open the book to / at page

Ask students to look at the pictures and name the people and things in them.

Ask students to write the words – encourage students to spell the words or write them on the board so you can check spelling. Vocabulary

Kingdom characters – components

Close

Just for fun

Ask students to brainstorm names of movies with a story of:

- qeens
- kings
- princesses
- princes

Divide the class into small groups and ask students to:

- describe the scene where they could see the things - things on page 46.
- describe the queens, kings, etc. - personality and appearance.
- retell the story to the class– briefly – using all the words.

Start

Warm up

My school kingdom

Write some words on small pieces of paper - the words on page 46 – you may need three sets.

Give each student a word – remind them that they cannot tell what word they got.

It is the task of each student to find the other two kids who have the same word – they have to make questions.

Write on the board the heading-

I am a king and this is my kingdom– explain what a kingdom is.

Ask students to explain how the words (people and things) are related to the heading.

The costume party Topic	Functions		Grammar		Vocabulary	
Costumes	Talking about costumes people usually wear		Are you going to go to the party? Are you going to wear a new costume?		Costumes	
Start		During		Close		
Warm up	Оре	Open the book to / at page 47		Just for fun		
Does it really look like it?		Ask students to read the whole		Ask students to talk to their		
Ask students to brainstorm - common, popular or funny		conversation – ignoring the gaps.		friends about the last time they wore a costume:		
costumes for parties. Divide the class into sma	II that	Tell students to choose the word that fits the first gap.		set of clothesadditional accessories		
teams – explain to students that one kid in each team will be wearing a costume created by		Are you going to <u>go</u> to the party, Clare?		 event / party why you chose it		
the team. Explain to students that t	hey will mus	Explain to students that they must find the words for all the gaps first.Divide the class into pairs – tell students to find out what bubble goes next.Remind them that the ordering changes sometimes.Once students have found the ordering, tell them to practise the conversation.		Invite some students to share / talk about it to the class.		
have three minutes to thi how they can create the costume using anything t	nk of gap:			You can ask students to bring a picture of them wearing the		
can find in the classroom have to dress their friend	- they stud			costumes. They could write a short text about it – like a caption.		
costume. Remind students that the be careful and avoid gett	y must char					
 another thing we can te students is the difference between laughing becaus something is funny and la at somebody. 	each Onc orde se the o					
 When something funny, laughing is When people laug somebody, it hurt 	great. jh at					
When the time is up, ask teams to describe their costumes.	the					

Reading and writing

Topic The party **Functions** Talking about what people did at a party Grammar Last weekend we went

to a party.

Vocabulary

Verbs

Start

Warm up

Presents!!!

Each student receives a magazine picture of an object.

Students must decide who they would give it to, on what occasion and why it would be appropriate.

Tip.

Some students may feel sad if they are not chosen to be given a present – have some extra pictures prepared and be ready to intervene and explain who you would give it to, on what occasion and why it would be appropriate.

During Open the book to / at page 48

Ask students to look at the pictures and say what they can see in them.

Explain to students that they are going to read a story about a party - the words in the box will be used to complete it.

Point out that it is really important to identify key words – links. Ex. 1. a party

we make / drank / asked / ate / were / wasn't / gave / won / lived / danced / had / came a party.

2. contrast (negative) ... <u>but</u> we decided ...

Try the same word elimination strategy.

Let students complete the activity on their own.

Close

Just for fun

Prepare photocopies with 5-6 images.

Ask students to:

- invent a story using the images (orally).
- write it in their notebooks.
- cut out the images and glue them to illustrate the story - similar to the one on page 48.

Directions

Topic Directions Functions Giving directions **Grammar** We have to go to the north.

Vocabulary

Location Places

Start

Warm up

Did you find it?

Hide a few items around school – make sure they can be found by following directions such as:

- go to the north
- go to the south
- etc.

Divide the class into three teams and give each team a paper with some directions written on them. Ex.

Stand by the bathroom. Five steps to the north. Now you are by the stairs, go upstairs. Now you are by the fire extinguisher, twelve steps to the south, now you are by the 3rd grade classroom. Etc.

The first team that finds the item gets the points – you can try this by hiding several objects and having students collect an item from each stop.

Make sure students have a reference point to identify where the north, the south, the east and the west are – you can draw a compass at a visible area – or even use a compass.

During Open the book to / at page 49

Ask students to look at the picture and explain what the situation is – use the questions as prompts.

Students brainstorm - what a compass can be used for.

Ask some questions for students to locate the places on the map: Ex.

- Where is the sports centre?
- It is to the east.
- Where is the grocery store?
- It is to the west.

Ask students to read and complete the sentences :

- find the reference point
- look at the compass to find the direction

Close

Just for fun

Ask students to draw a map – how to get to my house.

- draw arrows along the way – from school to my house
- draw a compass at the right upper side of the paper
- give directions how to get to my house

Ex.

- You are at school.
- Walk two blocks to the north.
- Walk six blocks to the east.

A great competition Topic **Functions** Grammar Vocabulary The past Verbs Describing events in Last month we had an the past excellent day... Start During Close Open the book to / at page 50 Just for fun Warm up Odd one out Ask students to look at the Ask students to write about the pictures and name the sports. last time they participated in the Write some groups of words on Olympics Day- at their school. the board and have students Explain to students that they discuss on which words do not have to complete some short If they don't have an event like belong in the group. paragraphs using the words in this at school, ask them to write the box. about the last time they Try adding more difficulty by practiced a sport. making each odd word belong to Ask students to help you find another group. key words: You can ask them to illustrate it with a picture they took at the Ex. Ex. monkey, cow, brown, 1. event. octopus participate in - what? • sport - in the picture -Tip golf The groups of words can be about the images on page 50. Do the same with paragraph 2.

Let students complete the activity on their own.

Tags

Topic Sports Functions Checking information Grammar

He is a very good baseball player, isn't he?

Vocabulary

Sports Question tags

Start Warm up

The When Chain

Using only the present simple tense, use the word "when" to start a sentence. Ex. When I am lonely, I see my friends.

Then write: When I see my friends, I ...

Encourage students to continue the sentence – add as many ideas as you can.

You can try this as a competition on the board to find out who / which team can get the longest When Chain. During Open the book to / at page 51

Ask students to explain what the words in the middle mean.

Ask students to label the words: Ex. baseball – tools score – number of goals winner - person goal – points

Ask students to read the descriptions and match them with the words in the middle – point out that the labeling they just did can be used to identify the pairing easily.

baseball – You use a bat and wear a big glove in this game.

Draw students' attention to the sentences below – ask them to identify and circle the words that make the sentences affirmative or negative.

He is a very good baseball player, isn't <mark>he</mark>?

Then explain to students that they can check / verify information by:

- 1. switching the words over.
- 2. transforming it into the opposite.

Let students complete the activity on their own.

Close

Just for fun

Ask students to make a poster of a sport – It must show:

- items needed to play it.
- some rules.
- unfair activity explained.

They can either draw or glue cut outs.

Ask students to present their posters to the class – then display the posters on the walls.

Unscrambling

Topic Activity

Functions

Describing (sports) activity

Grammar Sophia has just made a sand castle.

Vocabulary Verbs Adverbs

Start

Warm up

Is it it?

Write some verbs on pieces of paper – regular and irregular – 3 sets.

Divide the class into three teams and give a set of papers to each team.

Explain that the verbs must be categorized into regular or irregular verbs– students will have 2 minutes to discuss and decide.

Divide the board into two columns, Regular and Irregular verbs – ask students to tell you a short phrase to remember the categories by:

Add –ed The writing changes

Invite students to stick the papers on the board (one team at the time) - once the three teams have had a turn, check and make corrections – if necessary.

Ask students to help you transform the verbs into the past participle form – on the board: Ex.

travel – travelled sing – sung

During Open the book to / at page 52

Explain to students that unscrambling activities are not difficult – they secret is to follow a pattern.

Ask students to help you identify how the pattern for this activity is formed – use the sentences below first:

Ex.

Katty has just made а sandwich. Tom has iust scored two points. William has alreadv won the race.

Ask students to unscramble the words by following this pattern. Ex.

has / Mrs Brown / school / just / at / arrived Mrs has just arrived at Brown school. Close

Just for fun

Read the sentences below and match them with the pictures.

Ask students to help you make a list of the activities they have done during the day.

Ask students to follow the pattern to write full sentences in their notebooks.

Reading and writing

Open the book to / at page 53

Explain to students that in this part of the test, they will have to order a conversation.

This activity is about finding appropriate answers – these answers let the conversation continue and flow naturally.

Ask students to read the options A-H to find out what questions they may be answers for. Ex.

Options A-H	Students' ideas
A man who gets lost in a storm.	What is the story?
You can buy them there. That's not a problem.	Where can I buy that?
Fine, thanks. I've been busy.	How are you?
I'm going to see a film at the cinema.	What are you going to do?

Ask students to find out if their ideas are similar to the questions in the conversation. Ex.

How are you? --- How are you, Sarah?

Let students complete the activity on their own. Conversation:

- Hello! How are you, Sarah?
 - Fine, thanks. I've been busy.
- Oh, what are you going to do tonight?
 - I'm going to see a film at the cinema.

Reading and writing

Open the book to / at page 54

Ask students to read the title and think of what the story may be about.

Explain to students that there are three options for each gap in the text, but only one option is correct.

Ask students to read the text – ignoring the gaps. Then ask them to analyse the options:

1.... the number off words in one of the books. (off -- away from or removed)

1.... the number to words in one of the books. (to -- direction, infinitive, receive, until etc.)

1.... the number of words in one of the books. (of -- amount, contain, position, etc.)

Do the same with the second gap. Then let students complete the activity on their own.

Check answers with the whole class - have students explain their answers.

Listening

Open the book to / at page 55

Ask students to look at the pictures and name the things and the places.

Ask students to talk to a friend - where would you put the things?

Explain that it is really important to identify the things first, then the place for each of them.

Play the audio - students listen and mark their answers somehow.

Students share and explain their marking.

Play the audio - students listen and verify and write their answers.

Check answers with the whole class.

Listening

Open the book to / at page 56

Ask students to look at the picture and describe it in detail.

Make some questions like:

- Can you see what's around the gate?
- What are they?
- What shape are they?

Make emphasis on the importance of understanding location – prepositions.

Explain to students that they will be told what to colour – so identifying the things to be coloured and the colours to use is the key.

Play the audio – students listen and select the colours to be used and mark the things to be coloured.

Students share – colour choices and list of things to colour.

Play the audio – students listen and verify choices and colour.

Check answers with the whole class.

Reading and writing

Open the book to / at page 57

Explain to students that in this part of the test, they won't be given any options to choose from.

Because of that, they will have to think of words that can be used to join / continue the ideas.

Write the first idea on the board and have students analyse the options below.

- Which is the correct option?
- a 1 ... Saturday and <mark>we went</mark> in the circus with my mum and dad. to

Do the same with the second gap – this time let students explain the options and choose the correct one.

Let students complete the activity on their own.

Check the answers with the class and ask students to explain their answers.