Teacher:	·	Grade: Group:
Unit 1 Page 5.	Lesson 1. Date:	
Ss will be able to talk about the size of talk about the size	•	ng activity or events
frightening activity, explo and interview people on	-	easons for doing something
Stage 1		Stage 3
1. T writes on the board the	9. Compare the information in this	17. Get ss to do the marking
heading	second example with the one in	according to personal experience
	the first example – just to confirm	or opinion.
That's so exciting!	what's needed and consolidate	
 2. T shows some pictures of things or activities that are exciting. 3. In pairs, ss agree or disagree – they have to explain what makes the activities exciting. 4. Ss look at the pictures and describe them in detail. 	understanding of the word-playing process. 10. Reflect on extending the speaking by using more and more words every time – explain that it may be a little demanding at the beginning, but it is possible and very useful. 11. T writes the Full Sentence	 18. Ss go with different friends to compare answers – remind ss about using the Why and Because options to ask for an explanation and give one. 19. T walks ss through analysing the examples below. 20. T gets ss to help him create 2
5. T reflects on things being exciting, and things that sometimes may be crossing the exciting line, and because of that, things begin to be scary.	Example 2 and compares it with the first one. 12. In groups of three – ss build up three more examples.	more examples. 21. Once T confirms the examples are correct, ss will be allowed to write them in their notebooks.
 6. Ss label the pictures – some ss explain if the activities in the pictures seem to be exciting or a bit scary. Stage 2 7. T writes on the board the prompts in the box for ss extend the information to work with by 	Exciting vs Frightening Why vs Because 15. Explain the difference and make emphasis on Frightening: it's got a similar meaning to scary, but	22. Tell students to write a third example – individually. 23. T collects notebooks for later checking. Feedback from T on language used on need.
brainstorming.	frightening is more intense. 16. Refer ss to the explanations in	

the boxes – get ss to read them

aloud and circle or underline

HW: Book/Notebook

example.

8. Use information from the

brainstorming to prepare a second

- Interview some people on what they think of the activities.
- Would you like to try any of these activities? Why? Why not?

keywords.

• Take notes – and be ready to share in the next class.

Teacher:			Grade: Group:	
Unit 1 P	age 6.	Lesson 2. Date:		
Ss will be able to talk about exciting and frightening activities, explain their thoughts, interview people on life experiences and talk about things they would like to try. Describing activity or events Giving reasons Explaining why an event seems to be exciting, etc. Giving details on events				
Stage 1				
1. T gets some ss sharing notes – HW.	about their	9. T uses the prompt to spot ss to participate.	17. Get ss into pairs – compare guessing.	
2. Ss go interview some f take notes on friends' ar		 Who's ever flown in a helicopter? 	18. Book open – ss listen and check answers.	
• Have you ever t	ried	(use all six activities)	Stage 3	
 Have you ever t (activities on pa 3. Ss share about their frianswers. 	ge 5?	10. Get ss to share about the experience.11. Draw ss' attention to the word	19. Book closed – T asks ss to say which of the activities on the left were mentioned in the text.	
4. Draw ss' attention to t 3 – explain that it can be		in the box – explain that they will l used to complete the text below.		
preparing a question an collecting information for answer.	d	12. Tell ss to label the options:P=positiveN=negative	21. Get ss to check the pictures for the activities that were mentioned and put a cross for the ones which were not.	
5. T gets ss to help him co two examples – ss comp prompt in the book quice	lete the	13. Tell ss to look around the gaps and decide on the ideas being positive or negative, so they can notice what options could be use	paragraph about an exciting experience they have had.	
6. Ss look at the pictures describe them in detail.	and	for the gaps.	Where	
7. T reflects on the activi exciting or frightening, b them may be so in a diff	ut some of erent way –	14. Tell ss to close their books and listen to the track – tell them to quickly decide on things to pay attention to while listening.	WhereWho withDetailsWant to try again?	
for example, report on w Stage 2	ui.	15. Play the track – once.	23. T tells ss to use the sample writing as a model to write their	
8. Get ss to lable the pic	tures.	16. Get ss to check the options ar the text and get some guessing.	own. 24. T collects notebooks for later checking.	

HW: Book/Notebook

- Interview some friends from your neighbourhood.
- What's the most exciting experience you've had so far?
- What's something exciting you'd like to try for the first time soon?
- Take some notes and get ready to share.

<u>Feedback from T on language used</u> <u>on need.</u>

Teacher:		Grade:	Group:
Unit 1 Page 7.	Lesson 3. Date:		
 Ss will be able to explain interview friends on life e 	ng events easons		
talk about things they w		ng description etails on expe	
Stage 1		Stage 3	
 Ss share about their notes – HW. T gets ss to think of other ways to describe the experiences from the sharing in the previous activity. T asks ss if they remember some 	10. Draw ss' attention to the grammar section – explain that there is one useful grammar option to express a wish to try something new, and an option to express what you think of it as well.	they would lik the pictures o	prompts to express if the to do the things in the not. The answers with the
information about the text from the previous class. Boy or Girl Experience was good or bad Positive or negative life description Events mentioned	 11. T writes on the board the prompts would like = wish or want seem(s) = opinion 12. Get ss to go interview some friends – tell them to use the 	adjectives – r	ne reference charts on notebook. Adjectives bing Experience Negative
 4. Get ss to listen to the track again – tell ss to take some notes on relevant information. 5. Get ss to use their notes to answer the questions on page 7. 	following prompts • Would you like to (activity)? • Yes, I would. • It seems (description as a reason). • No, I wouldn't. • It seems (description as a	•	•
Clarence will be a selected	reason).	17. T collects	notebooks for later
6. Share with the class.Stage 2	13. Ss share – then point out the fact that language used must have	checking.	
7. Ss look at the pictures and describe them in detail.	some matchings to be coherent: "Positive matching"		m T on language used on need.
8. Get ss to think of words to describe the experiences – this time			
they cannot use exciting or frightening but other adjectives.	"Negative matching" I wouldn't like to visit the Great Wall. The experience seems boring.		
9. Get ss to share and explain their	,	1	

HW: Book/Notebook

adjective choices.

- Get some pictures of things or activities you would describe positively and negatively.
- Glue them around your adjective-chart and draw lines from the adjectives to the pictures to show your descriptions.

Teach	er:			. Grade:	Group:
Unit 1	Page 8.	Lesson 4.	Date:		
• Ss will be able to explain their thoughts and talk about movies. Giving reas Explaining R			Giving reasons Explaining poin Giving detailed		about movies
Stage	1			Stage 3	
show c	o with different friends to and compare charts – HW. dd to their list some new ives they saw on their	8. Tell ss to go with at the time, to talk movies they made movie per friend. 9. Ss share about t	about the notes on – one	some langua second conv	ed – ss listen to the
3. Look	at the pictures of types of and use all the adjective to describe them.	friends chose. 10. Get ss to look of the first conversation.	at the script for on – explain that		o focus on the gaps. ened – check answers ny changes.
	tes on the board the ng prompts Name of movie - xyz Type of movie - xyz Actors - xyz What the story is about - xyz	sometimes it is pos what words are mi analysing the lang gaps. 11. For example, lo three-five lines, co cute, pretty old, he	issing by uage around the ook at the first nsider the words	21. Tell ss to v paragraph th their noteboo	d check answers. vrite the sample nat is on the board in oks. om T on language used on need.
	cits information for all four ts about a xyz movie.	12. Now look at the options, can you make a decision yet?			
Stage 2 6. T walks ss through putting the		13. Try to get some rest of the lines.	e guessing for the		
informo speech •	ation in a paragraph or into n. I saw the movie xyz last month. It is a xyz movie. The actors that appear in it are xyz and xyz. It is about xyz and xyz. In my opinion, this movie is	14. Go with three f compare answers explain, agree and if necessary.15. Ss listen to the their answers.	- if any different, d make changes track to check		
xyz. 16. S		16. Ss share on how			

HW: Book/Notebook

7. Tell ss to prepare some notes about five movies – different type.

- Get a picture of your favourite movie and glue it in your notebook.
- Interview people on what they think of your favourite movie.
- Make notes on positive comments. For the negative ones, write a supporting sentence to prove that opinion may not be OK.

right – explain the language analysis they did for the guessing.

Teache	r:		Grade: Group:
Unit 1	Page 9.	Lesson 5. Date:	
•	Ss will be able to explain t	cribing events	
i	interview friends on life ex	periences and • Givir	ng reasons
	talk about movies.	• Givir	ng detailed information
Stage 1			Stage 3
Ss share	about their notes – HW.	Draw ss' attention to the	T explains that it is important to
		explanation below the table – ge	
Game-lik	ce activity on verbs.	ss to read it aloud and underline	9
		some key points.	points or constructions – point out
	use their dictionaries to		the fact that charts, tables or
	the verb forms to complete	Brainstorm names of the most	organizers can help for this.
the table	€.	popular movies among teenage	
T drawe t	the table on the board and	Inquiry on the most watched one	Draw ss' attention to the table – tell ss to pay attention to the first
	wers from ss to complete it	and write the number of times ss	
_	nber to monitor to make	have watched them.	complete the list of personal
	s and working, before	nave wateriou mem.	pronouns.
	or the next answer, make	Use the following prompt	provide the second
	have seen several ss with it		Get ss to think of and share about
written o	ılready.	Have you ever seen the movie	.? the elements that make the
		If so (yes) How many times have	construction to be for the Present
Ss share	answers to the class.	you seen it?	Perfect.
Stage 2		Try this three to five times – get ss	
		interview some friends and take	ideas -remember, discovering how
	on the grammar form or	notes on their answers – use the	to complete the ideas must be
	tion that can be gotten by	blue box for it.	guided.
using me	e verb forms on the right.	Turitor the first prompt on the	Feedback from T on language used
Oncess	have mentioned it, T draws	T writes the first prompt on the board and walks ss through	on need.
	ern or the elements of it on	completing it.	onneed.
the boar			
		T does the same with the second	d l
	The Present Perfect	prompt.	
Personal Pronoun	Auxiliary Verb in the Past P. Information to Complete the idea		
		Pair work – ss complete prompts	
		three and four.	
		Share with the class.	

HW: Book/Notebook

- Ss complete the prompts below the grammar table.
- Tell ss to pay attention to the headings; they show what to write about.
- Point out that it may be necessary that they add a letter "n" if necessary.
- **Example**: I have never worked as an accountant or as an office assistant.

Unit 1	Page 10.	Lesson 6.	Date:		
	ill be able to interview eriences.	people on life	•	Reporting	g on people's experiences
Stage 1		Stage 2			Stage 3
	pout the prompts they plete in the book.	8. Pair-work – get s questions below th		uss the	Mini Project Work Life Experience
•	e ss to write the npleted, on the board	9. Share with the c	lass.		1. Work in teams – interview people around school.

Teacher: . Grade: Group:

3. Draw ss' attention to the text on page 10 – ask ss to share what they think of when they see or read the title.

for a whole-class check and

analysis.

- What do you think that event was like?
- What do you think the girl could talk about?
- **4.** Book closed Ss listen to the track and pay attention to examples with the Present Perfect construction.
- 5. Tell ss to count the Present Perfect examples they hear – ask ss to mention the elements this construction must have.
- **6.** Ss go with different friends to share about the number of examples they got – ask ss to get into pairs for a quick check.
- 7. Tell ss to look through the text and find and underline Present Perfect examples and write the final number they got on the lines above the text.

- **10.** Try some out loud reading by paragraphs.
- 11. Tell ss to answer the questions about the text – remind ss about the importance of finding and underlining the information for the answers in the text – get ss to say where they found it: paragraph and line in it.
- around school.
- 2. Find people who have tried or done the activities in the table and tick the boxes.
- 3. Once a team has completed their board, everybody stops. The team will have to report their findings, but if they make a grammar mistake when reporting, the team is out and the game continues.

Tip – practice before calling out you have finished!

Feedback from T on language used on need.

HW: Book/Notebook

- Check the notes you made during this unit and add any points or information missed.
- It would be great you could add some more notes, examples or a list of words you found useful or words you'd like to learn.